

Window Speaker System User Manual

RT9909

Contents

Product Description	01
Outside speakers	01
Master Station	01
Introductions	02
Installation instructions	02
Installation	02
Trouble shooting	03
Warning	
Guarantee	

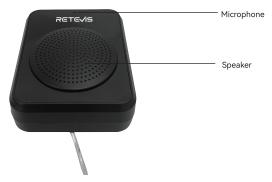
NOTES: In order to protect the environment and save paper, please contact our customer service or scan the QR code to download the multi-language User Manual: including English, French, German, Italian, Spanish, Russian, etc.



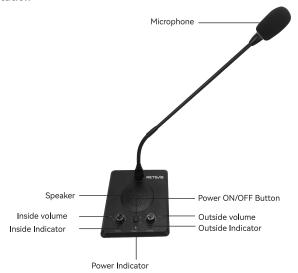
Product Description

- 1. Auto dual-way intercommunication without pressing any button.
- 2. External speaker, slim fit design.
- 3. Anti-interference and noise-free function.
- 4. Dual-way audio record output.
- 5. Ideal for the bank, securities, hospital, bus station etc, where guard glass against theft is installed.

Outside speakers



Master Station





Introductions

Working voltage / current: DC 5V / 1200mA

Output power: 3.6W -10W

Microphone sensitivity: -44dB±1dB 20Hz~16KHz

Master station size: 118*90*45mm Extension size: 107*85*40mm

Weight: 800g

Outside mute: Turn ON/OFF inside microphone Inside mute: Turn ON/OFF outside microphone Record Jack: Standard 3.5mm headphone jack Microphone jack: Standard 3.5mm Mic jack

Installation instructions

- 1. The master station was placed on the table in the working room, and the slave speaker will be placed outside of the glass, used by the client. Plug of slave speaker into the wire hole of the host
- 2. Adapter into the AC power supply, AC plug into the host plug wire hole.
- 3. Check that the plugs and jacks all connected correctly, open the hosts on the power switch, power indicator light.
- 4. From low to high, gradually adjust the volume adjustment button one the host, so that inside and outside the volume level appropriate.

Installation

Glass windows





Trouble shooting

Silent

- •The AC adapter is not plugged in or loose
- The 4-core connecting cable is not plugged in or loose
- Volume is not adjusted

Adjust the volume button ("I-v" and "O-y") on the host to loud"+"

Whist le

- Installation environment noise performance is poor, or too much other noise, you should makethe distance larger between the host and the outside speaker or adjust the volume("I-v" and "O_v")down
- If the volume knob to the minimum, the speaker volume is still very big, please adjust the microphone sensitivity knob("I-v" or "O-v") at the bottom of the host

Staccato

- \bullet The spokesman from the microphone too far away, it should be a little closer (less than the 20cm better)
- When one party to speak, the other to grab, then will be mutually exclusive
- \bullet Ambient noise is too strong, the corresponding speaker volume down, or require the speaker close to the microphone a little

Notice

RF ENERGY EXPOSURE AND PRODUCT SAFETY GUIDE FOR TWO-WAY RADIOS

Before using this device, please read this guide which contains important operating instructions for safe usage, control information and operational instructions for compliance with RF Energy Exposure limits in applicable national and international standards.

User' instructions should accompany the device when transferred to other users.

Unauthorized modification and adjustment

Changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance may void the user's authority granted by the local government radio management departments to operate this radio and should not be made. To comply with the corresponding requirements, transmitter adjustments should be made only by or under the supervision of a person certified as technically qualified to perform transmitter maintenance and repairs in the private land mobile and fixed services as certified by an organization representative of the user of those services. Replacement of any transmitter component (crystal, semiconductor, etc.) not authorized by the local government radio management departments equipment authorization for this radio could violate the rules.

Radio License

Governments keep the radios in classification. Two-way radios are only operated on authorized radio frequencies that are regulated by the local radio management departments (such as FCC, ISED, OFCOM, ANFR, BFTK, Bundesnetzagentur, and so on.). The detailed classification and the use of your two-way radios, please contact the local government radio management departments. Use of this radio outside the country where it was intended to be distributed is subject to government regulations and may be prohibited.

GMRS

This two-way radio is a GMRS station. A valid individual license is required to operate a GMRS station. To obtain an individual license, an applicant must be eligible and follow the applicable rules and procedures established by FCC. The applicant must pay the required application and regulatory fees. Each individual license in the GMRS will normally have a term of ten years from the date of grant or renewal, and may be renewed pursuant to the procedures of FCC. To obtain a GMRS operator license, you need FCC Form 605 & 159, we suggest visiting the FCC website at https://www.fcc.gov/wireless/support/fcc-form-605, which includes necessary instructions. More questions about the license application, please contact the FCC at 1-888-225-5322 or go to the FCC's website: http://www.fcc.gov.

Note: According to FCC rules, any individual who holds an individual GMRS license may allow his or her immediate family members to operate his or her GMRS station or stations. Immediate family members are the licensee's spouse, children, grandchildren, stepchildren, parents, grandparents, stepparents, brothers, sisters, aunts, uncles, nieces, nephews, and in-laws.

FCC Requirements

This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the condition that this device does not cause harmful interference. (Licensed radios are applicable);

This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (Other devices are applicable)

- (1) This device may not cause harmful interference.
- (2) This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

Note: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- -Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- -Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- —Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.

—Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

Note: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his own expense.

IC Requirements

Licence-exempt radio apparatus

This device contains licence-exempt transmitter(s)/receiver(s) that comply with Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada's licence-exempt RSS(s). Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

(1) This device may not cause interference.

(2) This device must accept any interference, including interference that may cause undesired operation of the device.

This radio transmitterhas been approved by Innovation, Science and Economic Development Canada to operate with the antenna types listed below, with the maximum permissible gain indicated. Antenna types not included in this list that have a gain greater than the maximum gain indicated for any type listed are strictly prohibited for use with this device.

CE Requirements

• (Simple EU declaration of conformity) Shenzhen Retevis Technology Co., Ltd. declares that the radio equipment type is in compliance with the essential requirements and other relevant provisions of RED Directive 2014/53/EU and the ROHS Directive 2011/65/EU and the WEEE Directive 2012/19/EU; the full text of the EU declaration of conformity is available at the following internet address; www.retevis.com.

Restriction on putting into service

This product may be used in following countries and regions, including: Belgium (BE), Bulgaria (BG), Czech Republic (CZ), Denmark (DK), Germany (DE), Estonia (EE), Ireland (IE), Greece (EL), Spain (ES), France (FR), Croatia (HR), Italy (IT), Cyprus (CY), Latvia (LV), Lithuania (LT), Luxembourg (LU), Hungary (HU), Malta (MT), Netherlands (NL), Austria (AT), Poland (PL), Portugal (PT), Romania (RO), Slovenia (SI), Slovakia (SK), Finland (FI), Sweden (SE) and United Kingdom (UK).

For the intended country of use, please refer to the package.

This radio equipment contains frequency bands that are subject to licensing procedures before it is allowed to be operated. Please make sure you have a valid radio license or radio operator permit before use.

Disposal

The crossed-out wheeled-bin symbol on your product, literature, or packaging reminds you that all electrical and electronic products, batteries, or accumulators must be taken to designated collection locations at the end of their working life. Do not dispose of these products as unsorted municipal waste. Dispose of them according to the laws and rules in your area.



RF Safety

This two-way radio uses electromagnetic energy in the radio frequency (RF) spectrum to provide communications between two or more users over a distance. RF energy, which when used improperly, can cause biological damage. Please refer to the following websites for more information on what RF energy exposure is and how to control your exposure to assure compliance with established RF exposure limits: http://www.who.int/en/

Keeping the radio at a proper distance is important as RF exposure decreases with increasing distance from the proper antenna. A proper antenna is an antenna supplied with this radio by the manufacturer or specifically authorized by the local authority for use with this radio. This radio can only be operated by use of an antenna of a type and maximum (or lesser) gain approved for the transmitter under regulations and rules. This transmitter must operate with the antenna(s) documented and in Push-to-Talk and body-worn configurations as documented. Using authorized accessories is important because the use of Non-Retevis accessories may result in exposure levels, which exceed the IEEE/ICNIRP RF exposure limits.

Transmit no more than the rated duty factor 50% of the time. Transmitting necessary information or less, is important because the radio generates measurable RF energy exposure only when transmitting in terms of measuring for standards compliance. For users who wish to further reduce their exposure, some effective measures to reduce RF exposure include:

- -Reduce the amount of time spent using your wireless device.
- -Use a speakerphone, earpiece, headset, or other hands-free accessory to reduce proximity to the head (and thus head exposure). While wired earpieces may conduct some energy to the head and wireless earpieces also emit a small amount of RF energy, both wired and wireless earpieces remove the greatest source of RF energy (handheld device) from proximity to the head and thus can greatly reduce total exposure to the head. Increase the distance between wireless devices and your body.

This radio is designed for and classified as "Occupational/Controlled Use Only". Occupational/Controlled environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential of exposure, for example, as a result of employment or occupation. It means a radio must be used only by individuals aware of the hazards, and the ways to minimize such hazards; Not intended for use in a General population/uncontrolled environment.

This radio is designed for and classified as "General population/uncontrolled use". General population/uncontrolled environments are defined as locations where there is exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of RF exposure level.

Hand-held Mode

To control your exposure and ensure compliance with the controlled environment exposure limits, always adhere to the following procedure:



- -To receive calls, release the PTT button.
- -To transmit (talk), press the Push-to-Talk (PTT) button in front of the face.
- -Hold the radio in a vertical position with the microphone (and other parts of the radio including the antenna) at least one inch (2.5 centimeters) away from the nose or lips.

Electromagnetic Interference/Compatibility

Nearly every electronic device is susceptible to electromagnetic interference (EMI) if inadequately shielded, designed, or otherwise configured for electromagnetic compatibility. During transmissions, your radio generates RF energy that can possibly cause interference with other devices or systems. To avoid such interference, turn off the radio in areas where signs are posted to do so, such as hospitals or healthcare facilities.

Persons with pacemakers, implantable cardioverter defibrillators (ICDs) or other active implantable medical devices should:

- Consult with their physicians regarding the potential risk of interference from radio frequency transmitters, such as portable radios (poorly shielded medical devices may be more susceptible to interference).
- Turn the radio OFF immediately if there is any reason to suspect that interference is taking place.
- Do not carry the radio in a chest pocket or near the implantation site, and carry or use the radio on the opposite side of the body from the implantable device to minimize the potential for interference. Hearing Aids: Some digital wireless radios may interfere with some hearing aids. In the event of such interference, you may want to consult your hearing aid manufacturer to discuss alternatives. Other Medical Devices: If you use any other personal medical device, consult the manufacturer of your device to determine if it is adequately shielded from RF energy. Your physician may be able to assist you in obtaining this information.

WARNING: MODIFICATION OF THIS DEVICE TO RECEIVE CELLULAR RADIOTELEPHONE SERVICE SIGNALS IS PROHIBITED UNDER FCC RULES AND FEDERAL LAW.

Turn off your radio in the following conditions

• Turn off your radio prior to entering any area with a potentially hazardous or explosive atmosphere. Only radio types that are especially qualified should be used in such areas as "Intrinsically Safe".



Note: the areas with potentially explosive atmosphere referred to above include blasting caps, blasting areas, inflammable gas, dust particles, metallic powders, grain powders, fueling areas such as below decks on boats, fuel or chemical transfer or storage facilities, areas where the air contains chemicals or particles (such as

grain, dust or metal powders) and any other area where you would normally be advised to turn off your vehicle engine. Areas with potentially explosive atmospheres are often – but not always posted.

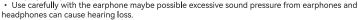
- Turn off your radio when taking on fuel or parked at gasoline service stations.
- Turn off your radio when on board an aircraft. Any use of a radio must be in accordance with applicable regulations per airline crew instructions. Do not use any radio that has a damaged antenna. If a damaged antenna comes into contact with the skin when the radio is in use, a burn can result. Turn off your radio before removing or installing accessories.
- When the transceiver is used for long transmissions, the radiator and chassis will become hot.

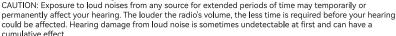
Use of Communication Devices While Driving

- Always check the laws and regulations on the use of radios in the areas where you drive. Use of Communication Devices, for example, mobile radio, may not be allowed.
- · Give full attention to driving and to the road.
- · Use hands-free operation, if available.
- Pull off the road and park before making or answering a call, if driving conditions or regulations so require.
- Do not place a portable radio in the area over an air bag or in the airbag deployment area. The radio may be propelled with great force and cause serious injury to occupants of the vehicle when the airbag inflates.

Protect your hearing

- Use the lowest volume necessary to do your job. Turn up the volume only if you are in noisy surroundings.
- · Limit the amount of time you use headsets or earpieces at high volume.
- When using the radio without a headset or earpiece, do not place the radio's speaker directly against your ear.





Batteries Safety

- WARNING: KEEP NEW OR OLD USED BATTERIES OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.
- In the event of a battery leaking, do not allow the liquid to come into contact with the skin or eyes. If contact has been made, wash the affected area with copious amounts of water and seek medical advice immediately.
- If a radio or a battery has been submerged in water, please dry and clean it before use. Do not dry the radio or battery with an appliance or heat source, such as a hair dryer or microwave oven. If the radio has been submersed in a corrosive substance (e.g. saltwater), rinse the radio and battery in fresh water, then dry them.
- Since batteries are sensitive to high temperatures when storing them, keep them in a cool and dry place. The recommended temperature should be between +10 °Cand +25°Cand never exceed +30°C. Batteries should therefore not be stored next to radiators or boilers nor in direct sunlight. Extremes of humidity (below 35% and above 95% relative humidity for sustained periods should be avoided since they are detrimental to both batteries and packing. Although the storage life of batteries at room temperature is good, storage is improved at lower temperatures provided special precautions are taken. Also, accelerated warming is harmful.

Leaving a battery in an extremely high temperature surrounding environment that can result in an explosion or the leakage of flammable liquid or gas;

A battery subjected to extremely low air pressure may result in an explosion or the leakage of flammable liquid or gas.

- Turn off your radio before removing or installing a battery. Store spare batteries securely. Dispose of used batteries immediately and safely.
- The battery supply terminals are not to be short-circuit.
- Do not replace the battery in any area labeled "Hazardous Atmosphere". Any sparks created in a potentially explosive atmosphere can cause explosion or fire.
- When the conductive material such as jewelry, keys or chains touches exposed terminals of the batteries, may complete an electrical circuit (short circuit the battery) and become hot to cause bodily injury such as





burns. Exercise care in handling any battery, particularly when placing it inside a pocket, purse or other container with metal objects:

- Dirty battery contacts need to be wiped with clean dry cloth, both on the battery and in the appliance.
- Batteries should be removed from the appliance when not being used for long periods of time (months).
 The batteries should be enclosed in special protective packaging (such as sealed plastic bags or variants) which should be retained to protect them from condensation during the time they are warming to ambient temperature.
- Exhausted batteries are to be removed from the equipment.
- Do not dismantle, open or shred batteries. Batteries should be dismantled only by trained people.
- Disposal of a battery into fire, or a hot oven, or mechanically crushing or cutting of a battery, that can result in explosion;
- · Turn off your radio before charging.
- Batteries shall be charged at 10°C~40°C environment temperature specified. If the environment temperature is lower than 0°C, the charge shall be prohibited.
- Rechargeable batteries need to be charged with a dedicated charger provided for each piece of equipment before you first use them.
- Rechargeable batteries are only to be charged by adults or by children at least 8 years old under adult supervision.
- Pull by the plug rather than the cord when disconnecting the charger.
- Unplug the charger from the AC outlet before attempting any maintenance or cleaning.
- Do not use the charger outdoors or in moist environments, use only in dry locations/conditions.
- Do not disassemble the charger, which may result in a risk of electrical shock or fire. A charger should be dismantled only by trained people.
- Do not operate the charger if it has been broken or damaged in any way.
- An extension cord should not be used unless absolutely necessary. Use of an improper extension cord could result in a risk of a fire and/or electric shock. If an extension cord must be used, make sure that:
- -The pins on the plug of the extension cord are the same number, size and shape as those on the plug of the charger.
- -The extension cord is properly wired and in good condition.
- -Make sure the cord is located so it will not be stepped on, tripped over or subjected to damage or stress.
- NEVER charge a battery unless it is a rechargeable battery.
- Do not mix alkaline, standard (carbon-zinc) or rechargeable (Ni-Cd; Ni-MH) batteries.
- Different types of batteries or new and used old batteries are not to be mixed. Do not mix batteries of different manufacturers, capacities, or sizes.
- Batteries must be inserted with the correct polarity. Replacement of a battery with an incorrect type can defeat the safeguard. There will be a risk of fire or explosion if a battery is replaced by an incorrect type.
- Do not mix batteries of different manufacture, capacity, size, or type within a device.
- If the battery compartment (if applicable) does not dose securely, stop using the product and keep it away from children;
- Never put batteries in your mouth. Swallowing may lead to serious injury or death. If you think batteries
 might have been swallowed or otherwise placed inside any part of the body, please seek immediate medical
 attention and contact the local poison control center;

Unfortunately, it is not obvious when a small-size battery, such as a button or coin battery, is stuck in a children's esophagus (food pipe). There are no specific symptoms associated with this. The child might: -Couch, dag or drool a lot:

-Appear to have a stomach upset or a virus;

-Be sick

-Point to their throats or stomachs;

- -Have pain in their abdomen, chest, or throat;
- -Be tired or lethargic;
- -Be guieter or more clingy than usual or otherwise "not themselves";
- -Lose their appetite or have a reduced appetite:
- -Not want to eat solid food/ be unable to eat solid food.

These sorts of symptoms vary or fluctuate with the pain increasing or subsiding. A specific symptom of button and coin battery ingestion is vomiting fresh (bright red) blood. If the child does this, seek immediate medical help. The lack of clear symptoms is why it is important to be vigilant with button or coin batteries and the

products that contain them in the home.

- Rechargeable batteries are to be removed from the toy before being charged by a dedicated charger.
- The toy is not intended for children under 3 years old;
- The device shall only be used with a suitable transformer for toys;
- · The transformer is not a toy;
- The transformer to be used with the toy should be regularly examined for avoiding potential hazard, such as damage to the cable or cord, plug, enclosure and other parts. If such a damage occurs, the toy must not be used until that damage had been properly removed.
- Toys that need to be cleaned with liquids must be disconnected from the transformer before cleaning.

WARINING:CHOKING HAZARD-Small Parts. Not suitable for children under 3 years old.



The plug of the adapter is considered a disconnect device. The socket-outlet shall be installed near the equipment and shall be easily accessible.

Authorized Accessories List Antennas Batteries Earbuds and Earpieces

Carry Devices

- · Contact Retevis for assistance regarding repairs and service
- For a list of Retevis-approved accessories for your radio model, visit the website: http://www.Retevis.com

Guarantee

Model Number: _		
Serial Number: _		
Purchasing Date:_		
Dealer:	Telephone:	
User's Name:	Telephone:	
Country:	Address:	
Doot Code		

Remarks:

- 1.This guarantee card should be kept by the user, no replacement if lost.
- 2.Most new products carry a two-year manufacturer's warranty from the date of purchase. Further details, pls read http://www.retevis.com/after-sale/
- 3.The user can get warranty and after-sales service as below:
- ·Contact the seller where you buy.
- · Products Repaired by Our Local Repair Center
- 4.For warranty service, you will need to provide a receipt proof of purchase from the actual seller for verification

Exclusions from Warranty Coverage:

- 1.To any product damaged by accident.
- 2.In the event of misuse or abuse of the product or as a result of unauthorized alterations or repairs.
- 3.If the serial number has been altered, defaced, or removed.



Shenzhen Retevis Technology Co.,Ltd.

7/F, 13-C, Zhonghaixin Science&Technology Park, No.12 Ganli 6th Road, Jihua Street, Longgang District, Shenzhen, China Web:www.retevis.com E-mail:kam@retevis.com Facebook:facebook.com/retevis









MADE IN CHINA

说明书要求

尺寸:120×160mm

样式: 装订

纸张: 双胶纸

印刷: 全黑白

此页无需印刷